Major Characters in George Orwell's "Animal Farm":

- **Old Major**: The ageing boar who serves as the catalyst for the animals' revolution. He delivers a powerful speech urging the animals to rise up against human oppression, laying the foundation for Animalism.
- **Napoleon**: A Berkshire boar who takes control of Animal Farm after the rebellion. He represents Joseph Stalin and becomes the tyrannical leader, gradually consolidating power and manipulating the other animals for his own benefit.
- **Snowball**: A boar who initially shares leadership with Napoleon. Snowball represents Leon Trotsky and is known for his intelligence, eloquence, and dedication to the principles of Animalism. He is later expelled from the farm by Napoleon's forces.
- **Boxer**: A strong and loyal cart-horse who becomes a symbol of the working class. Boxer represents the dedicated, but often exploited, proletariat. His mantra "I will work harder" reflects his unwavering commitment to the cause.
- **Squealer**: A persuasive and manipulative pig who serves as Napoleon's propaganda officer. Squealer represents the Soviet Union's propaganda machinery and uses persuasive language to distort the truth and maintain Napoleon's control.
- **Benjamin**: An old and cynical donkey who is sceptical about the revolution. Benjamin symbolises the apathetic and disillusioned individuals who recognize the corruption but choose not to actively resist it. He is known for his cryptic line, "Donkeys live a long time."
- **Clover**: A motherly mare who cares deeply for the other animals. Clover represents the compassionate working class, often questioning the actions of the pigs but unable to effectively challenge their authority.
- **Moses**: A raven who tells the animals about Sugarcandy Mountain, a paradise where they will go after they die. Moses represents religious faith and the use of religion by ruling powers to manipulate and pacify the masses.
- **Mollie**: A vain and materialistic white mare who enjoys human attention and privileges. Mollie represents the bourgeoisie and those who abandon the principles of the revolution for personal comfort and gain.
- **Mr. Jones**: The original owner of Manor Farm (later renamed Animal Farm). Mr. Jones symbolises the oppressive ruling class and represents the overthrown tsarist regime in Russia.

These characters embody various archetypes and historical figures, representing different aspects of the Russian Revolution and subsequent Soviet rule. Through their actions and interactions, Orwell exposes the flaws and corruption of totalitarian systems and highlights the dangers of power consolidation and manipulation.